SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 2019 MONTREAL GAZETTE D5

## Fantasy PRINTE meets reality

REVIEW

The Reckless Oath We Made

BETHANNE PATRICE

Everyone wants to be loved, even a tough and tall redhead with a wonky hip from a motorcycle accident who has a lot of family issues. Like, a lot of family issues. Like, a lot of family issues. Loratha (Zeo) Trego has an obese, hoarder mom to care for and a very young nephew in her charge, because her sister LaReigne Trego-Gill has been kidnapped by a pair of immates escaped from the local prison.

When Zee encounters the besotted Gentry Frank after a physical therapy appointment, she showly, reluctantly accepts his help, Gentry, 24 and on the autism spectrum, lives mainly in a gentle world of the ownerwatter. Everyone wants to be loved,

lives mainly in a gentle world of his own creation where he is a chivalric knight who speaks what he thinks is a form of Middle English - and is reall: modern English with a lot of

flourishes.

Gentry has a job at an airplane factory and an adoptive, multiracial family whose compassion for his challenges is greater than their irritation over his idiosyncrasies. While Zee rolls her eyes at Gentry's behaviour, eventually she realizes it allows him to interact with a world at best confusing and at worst hostile to his mind and spirit. tile to his mind and spirit. Then, slowly and reluctant-ly, she falls in love with him

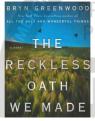
Hold that arrow, Cupid. We're still ruled by the real We're still ruled by the real-ities of a complicated world. Because Zee refuses to leave La Reigne's five-year-old son, Marcus, alone, she winds up bringing him along on a drug haul involving a suitcase full of pot carried across state lines.

of pot carried across state lines.
That's right. You thought you were reading about a sweet, quirky family caper, and what you're really read ing is ... a sweet, quirky fam-ily caper about a drug dealer who witnesses a sword fight to save LaReigne, who actually wants to be a white supremacist's moll.

actually wants to be a white supremacist's moll.
You may not wind up loving LaReigne. (Even Marcus has a tough time loving his mother.) But you'll love Zee, who fights for the people she loves with every ounce of strength she has left after her double shifts waitressing and occasional afternoons on THC. Zee's life is no fairy tale, but there's something moving about the way she lets Gentry live in his version of one. Everyone needs a form of escape, she knows. Real life hurts, but human interactions can work miracles — to some extent. As the fantasy elements of Bryn Greenwood's The Reckless Oath We Made dissolve, hard work replaces the promise of

work replaces the promise of a magic potion. Someone has to meet with lawyers, sign agreements and make prison visits. That someone is usually Zee, and as she sobers up, literally and figuratively, she turns out to be the hero of her own story.

The Washington Post work replaces the promise of





Kia Abdullah's third novel, Take It Back, has experienced some backlash because of its controversial content.

But the author is quick to defend her right to tell the story she wants. HARPERCOLLINS

## INSPIRED BY A

L.M. Montgomery's classic helped author Abdullah realize the importance of making her own choices

Take It Back Kia Abdullah HarperCollins

JAMIE PORTMAN

LONDON If you ask Kia Abdullah about the journey that led her to write an explosive new courtroom thriller about four Muslim youths charged with the rape of a 16-year-old classmate, she will at some point start talking about Anne of Green Gables. For Abdullah, 37, daughter of immigrant Bangladeshi parents, the discovery of L.M. Montgomery's intrepid red-haired heroine was a seminal childhood moment. "That novel, Anne of Green Gables — I don't think it's an overstatement to say that it changed the course of my life," says Abdul-lah, who grew up in the poor East

lah, who grew up in the poor East London area of Tower Hamlets and found release from a strict

and found release from a strict family environment in her weekly visits to the local library.

"It's avery deprived area — about 35 per cent immigrant population and the U.K.'s worst for child poverty," says Abdullah, one of eight children. "The first generation of children has to bootstrap, in a way. The first time I really learned English was when I started school. That's why libraries and reading are so important. The reason I'm here and am a professional novelist is because my siblings took me to the library every weekend. Every Saturday I would pick up six books."

books." That's how she discovered Anne. "Anne was expected to be a polite young girl who was very well-man-nered, yet she could be a tear-away who did what she wanted. That nered, yet she could be a tear-away who did what she wanted. That resonated with me because from a very young age, I was tightly scripted: I was to go to school and go to college and then get married and have children. Those were not necessarily things I wanted to do myself – so when I read Anne of Green Gables at a very young age, I realized that you don't always have to do what people tell you to do." All this helps explain the character of Zara Kaleel, the central figure in Abdullah's acclaimed new provel, Take Back She's a brilliant young London barrister who shaters the expectations of her Muslim family by abandoning a promising career at the bar to work with victims of sexual assault. She takes victims of sexual assault. She takes up the cause of Jodie, who claims four Muslim youths raped her. In so doing, Zara finds herself further estranged from her own Muslim



there in her relationships with her family and some of the things she struggles with — follow the Muslim example, be quiet, be docile, learn to fall into line.

Abdullah remembers what hap-pened in her own life with the on-

pened in her own life with the on-set of puberty.

"I was treated like a delicate flower, who needed to be protect-ed. That changed my perception not only of my community but also of myself. You learn to hide your body, you learn to shroud yourself, you're meant to be embarrassed — all the wrong things to teach young women."

all the wrong things to teach young women."
Furthermore, like the fictional Zara, the real-life Kia fled an arranged marriage.
"It was 13 years ago when I was 24. It wasn't forced but it involved persuasion: You have the right to decide, but you have had 15 suitors, your dad is ill and wants you to be happy and secure. All this peripheral persuasion made me agree ... but I definitely would say it was not wanted. It lasted only a few days. The family reacted very few days. The family reacted very badly - so much money spent on the wedding, so many people invited...

vited..."
Today, Abdullah lives far from London, with her photographer boyfriend in Yorkshire. A former writer for the Rough Guide travel series, she juggles her fiction with her duties as founding editor of the popular outdoor travel blog Atlas & Boots. Petite and outgoing, with an endless curiosity about the world around her, she has settled contentedly into the countryside with its "better quality of life."
But London in all its facets remains an indelible part of her experience as she looks back on the turbulence of those earlier years with both affection and sadness. The pain of causing grief to those she loved remains with her, even though time has healed the es-Today. Abdullah liyes far from

community. though time has healed the es "People have asked how much of trangements of the past.

ose who may have precon notions about the cultures it examines.

Abdullah remains protective of

amines.

Abdullah remains protective of her Muslim heritage even while rebelling against aspects of if. She was driven to write the novel by the increasing media focus on so-called "grooming" cases where older Asian men prey sexually on young er white women. She's concerned that the notoriety of these incidents has led to blanket judgments about Muslim culture — "that their men are bred to believe that twim men are there for the taking."

She bristles at that kind of tabloid mindset. "In my own circumstance, I've never experienced anything like that," she says. "Men I know don't have these attitudes."

Yet, her protagonist in the novel is a Muslim welfare worker taking the stability is treased and the stability of the control of th

is a Muslim welfare worker taking the side of 16-year-old Jodie, who insists four Muslim teens raped her. Readers would be wise to withhold judgment about where ner. Readers would be wise to withhold judgment about where the story is going to go. This is a novel about secrets and lies, evasions and assumptions — one that punctures preconceived notions about Britain's criminal justice system and race. One key devices is to force the reader to take a closer look at the four accused — to resent them as individuals, not as a collective cultural monstrosity. "They all have distinctive personalities, distinctive desires and distinctive family units," she says. "That they are of the same age and of the same religion doesn't mean hey are all alike. I wanted to present them as individuals who make individual choices and are capable of good or bad actions."

of good or bad actions."
Furthermore, she says, "I wanted readers to keep switching allegiances between the girl and the boys as the story progressed. I wanted to create three-dimen-sional characters all of whom were capable of earning the sympathies

"I think that's the crux of the nov "I think that's the crux of the nov-el—that we do good or bad things because we choose to do them as individuals, not because of the colour of our skin, not because of what our faith or gender might be." But will that message get through? Recently, during discus-sion of the book at a literary fes-tival, a young Muslim woman in the audience challenged Abdullah.

e audience challenged Abdullah. "She said she would never read the novel because it was perpetuating another negative narrative about Muslims. ... To me, that sort of thing is as dangerous as what the tabloids do, because what I was be ing told was that I can't act as ar individual and tell the story I want

REVIEW

## Lost in the mists of tome

The Hollywood Book Club Chronicle Books

ANGELA HAUPT

There's James Dean,
perfect hair and a smirk
— cigarette in one hand,
The Complete Poetical
Works of James Whitcomb
Riley in the other. Audrey
Hepburn, a classics conpoisseur is cross-legad seur, is cross-legged on a shag carpet, eyes fixed on the open book in front of her. And Orson Welles is supine, smoking a pipe and focused on a weath ered copy of A History of Technology, Vol. III: From the Renaissance to the the Renaissance to the Industrial Revolution

Industrial Revolution
Stars, they're just like
us! Provided you consume
your reading material
while draped in a silk robe
and posed seductively.
In The Hollywood Book
Club, photo archivist
Steven Rea curates 55
photographs of classic
film stars "with literature
(or not), in their hands
— or on their laps, or in
the general wicinity." The (or not), in their nanus—or on their laps, or in the general vicinity." The full-page images are black and white, and they're stunning. Rifa Hayworth and Ginger Rogers are otherworldly; 25-year-old Marlon Brando's gaze is so smouldering, one worries about the flammable book he's holding. Each photo is accompanied by just a few lines of text, a simplicity that keeps the focus where it belongs: on the images. Rea groups the photos into categories, including their personal libraries; wend instruction of their rids; wend instruction of their personal libraries; wend instruction of their personal libraries; wend instruction of their rids;

their personal libraries; reading to their kids; studying source material for film interpretations;

and passing time on set. An eclectic taste in reading is apparently timeless: Sammy Davis timeless: Sammy Davis
Jr. relaxes with a paperback edition of Lloyd C.
Douglas's biblical epic The
Robe, and Lauren Bacall
peruses a pictorial history
of 20th-century conflict.
John Cassavetes and
Gena Rowlands readout
Animals, a picture book by
Garth Williams, to their
son, Nick, who grew up to
be an actor and a director.
Some were notably voracious readers. In a 1951
photo, Marilyn Monroe
is curled up on a sofa bed,
is curled up on a sofa bed,

is curled up on a sofa bed, wearing a silk bathrobe and sultry expression while reading The Poetry and Prose of Heinrich Heine. Books are stacked

Heine. Books are stacked on every nearby surface, too — Hemingway's The Sun Also Rises, Tolstoy's War and Peace, Steinbeck's Tortilla Flats. Bette Davis's reading habits became the subject of national attention in 1938, when The New York Times reported that her husband wanted a divorce because she read "to an unnecessary degree." Her fellow stars, one imagines, would disagree. would disagree. The Washington Post



08/09/2020 INSPIRED BY ANNE



Zara's life is based on mine, and I Take It Back is her third novel, to tell—that I should necessarily try to give a clear answer—about and has some dramatic surprises be telling a positive story because 60 per cent," Abdullah says. "It's in store for readers—especially of my identity."

